STEPUP

Sales Tax Estate Planning Underwriting & Product Newsletter

Investment Expenses and Deductibility: Segregated Funds

Questions frequently come up regarding how expenses associated with an investment fund are treated for deduction purposes on income tax returns. There are four general categories of expenses we can consider for non-registered investments. Any amounts that are paid for services in connection with a registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) or registered retirement income fund (RRIF) are expressly non-deductible under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

Acquisition fees for segregated funds include any portion of the "premium" or deposit that is not invested in the fund. That definition, found under ss 138.1(6) of the Income Tax Act (Canada), extends to what some refer to as insurance fees, used to provide some death and/or maturity benefit. Acquisition fees include commissions as well as surrender charges that are triggered when a contract is terminated early depending on the contract terms.

These portions of the deposit are not deductible when the customer sets up the policy. They do not add to the adjusted cost base of the policy. These monies are treated as a capital loss when the policyholder surrenders the policy, reducing the capital gain or increasing the capital loss on disposition.

Annual investment management fees are charged to segregated funds and are generally not deductible by the investor. The insurance company handling the investments treat these fees as fund expenses. The fees are deducted from the income earned in the fund before that income is allocated to investors. The end result is the same as if the investor had been able to deduct a pro rata portion of these fees with the benefit that the insurance company has done all the calculations, simplifying reporting by the investor.

Fees paid for investment advice and services may be deductible provided they do not include commissions. The advice may cover the relative merits of buying or selling an investment and services provided to administer or manage the investments. The advisor providing these services must do so as a principal business. General planning and counselling are normally not deductible by the investor. Fees paid to an investment or brokerage firm separate from the fund, i.e. fee based accounts, are not deductible as noted under para.20(1)(bb) of the Income Tax Act (Canada). This is because a segregated fund is not considered a share or security.



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Peter works with independent advisors and other professionals raising awareness on issues and concerns faced by affluent individuals, professionals and business owners. He supports efforts in researching and developing optimal solutions for clients aimed at improving their financial wellbeing and supporting their personal wishes and lifestyles. He has provided 1000s of workshops, seminars and technical support throughout the country on tax, retirement income and estate planning issues, concepts and strategies to both advisors and consumers. As an accredited Registered Financial Gerontologist, a good deal of his time is spent on building awareness and educating people of all professions who work with or specialize in the needs, expectations and issues of elders. Comprehensive lifestyle planning is an important element of these processes.

The Sales, Tax, Estate Planning, Underwriting & Product (STEPUP) team provides internal and broker support, including seminars, education, advanced concept illustrations & Client case technical consultations.

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Investment Expenses and Deductibility: Segregated Funds

Deducting interest on money borrowed to invest in segregated funds is possible through the application of ss 20(2.2) of the Income Tax Act (Canada). This is an exception to para. 20(1)(c) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) which allows an investor to deduct interest on money that is borrowed to earn income, except for the purchase of a life insurance policy. The usual rules applying to interest deductibility will govern money borrowed to invest in segregated funds, i.e. expenses incurred for the purpose of earning income from a business or property.

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A description of the key features of the individual variable insurance contract is contained in the Information Folder for the product being considered. Any amount that is allocated to a Segregated Fund is invested at the risk of the contract owner and may increase or decrease in value.

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